Phase II and Phase III Project Cover Sheet

All information contained within the individual site database and inventory sheets is solely the work of the researchers and authors noted below. The data provided has been culled from the original site reports noted below and in many cases has been lifted directly from them with little or no editing. The database and inventory sheets are meant to serve as a synopsis of the report findings and a finding aid and are not intended to replace or republish the research of the authors noted below.

REPORT INFORMATION:

1989 Ervin, R.G.

Archeological Survey of Jericho Park Road, Prince George's County, Maryland.

Submitted to the Maryland State Highway Administration

Library ID No: 00006673 Catalog/Shelving ID: PR 110

Sites examined:

18PR317 18PR318

Research Firm/Institutution:

Division of Archeology, MD Geological Survey Johns Hopkins University Baltimore. Maryland 21218

Project Details:

Phase II

Phase III



Project Justification:

At the request of the State Highway Administration, the Maryland Geological Survey, Division of Archeology conducted Phase I work on a part of Jericho Park Road between Maryland Route 197 and a previously dualized section of Jericho Park Road in Prince George's County. The road reconstruction project area was about 2,150 m long and between 40 m and 73 m wide. The project involved reconstruction of Jericho Park Road along an alignment similar to the existing road.

Project Objectives:

-Evaluate the archeological potential of the survey area and locate any previously unidentified sites.

Research Potential:

See below for remaining research questions at 18PR317.

REPORT INFORMATION:

1991 Ebright, C.A.

Archeological Testing at the O'Barr Site, Prince George's County, Maryland.

Submitted to the Maryland State Highway Administration

Library ID No: 00006685 Catalog/Shelving ID: PR 120

Research Firm/Institutution:

Maryland State Highway Administration 2323 W. Joppa Rd. Brooklandville, MD 21022

Sites examined:

18PR317

Project Details:

Phase I



Phase III

Project Justification:

This project was undertaken as the result of the proposed realignment of Jericho Park Road, to comply with the requirements of the National Historic Preservation Act, the Federal-Aid Highway Act, the National Environmental Policy Act, and relevant state laws. The O'Barr site was discovered during a Phase I survey in August of 1987. Based on shovel test soil profiles, the wooded portions of the site were thought to have potential for intact, unplowed prehistoric deposits and Phase II work was recommended.

Project Objectives:

-Establish horizontal and vertical site boundaries, especially with respect to the road reconstruction project area.

Obtain a systematic, statistically meaningful artifact collection from the site.

-Determine the nature and integrity of archeological deposits and their cultural/temporal affiliation.

-Evaluate the site's significance in terms of NRHP criteria.

Research Potential:

Phase II test excavations at the O'Barr site (18PR317) revealed a small prehistoric campsite dating largely to the Early Woodland subperiod, but also containing Late Woodland remains, and possibly even a late Early Archaic component. Due to the overall low density of artifacts, and the lack of intact subplowzone deposits, the O'Barr site has little potential to yield important information beyond that already gathered through systematic sampling techniques. It should no longer be considered a significant archeological resource.